

Schizophrenia Prevalence Among Medicare Recipients (2012)

State Comparison	Percent
Alabama	3.53
United States	3.83
Historic Trend	
	N.A.
Public Health Area	
1	3.28
2	3.10
3	4.52
4	4.24
5	3.64
6	3.13
7	4.29
8	3.41
9	3.09
10	3.54
11	3.71
Rurality	
Rural counties	3.30
Urban counties	3.70
Age	
	N.A.
Gender	
	N.A.
Race	
	N.A.
Ethnicity	
	N.A.
Income	
	N.A.
Education	
	N.A.

Schizophrenia/Psychoses Prevalence Among Medicare Recipients⁹

- Medicare had 23,777 recipients who were diagnosed with schizophrenia or psychosis in 2012, or 3.53 percent of all recipients.
- Schizophrenia and psychosis are serious mental illnesses which could result in violence toward others. These conditions seriously impair the ability to operate normally in social situations.
- In Alabama, the highest prevalence for the Medicare population is in Dallas and Perry counties. The lowest is in Washington and Autauga counties.
- Schizophrenia/Psychosis prevalence among Medicare recipients is higher in 17 counties than for the nation but is less than half the national prevalence in Washington County (1.75 percent).

